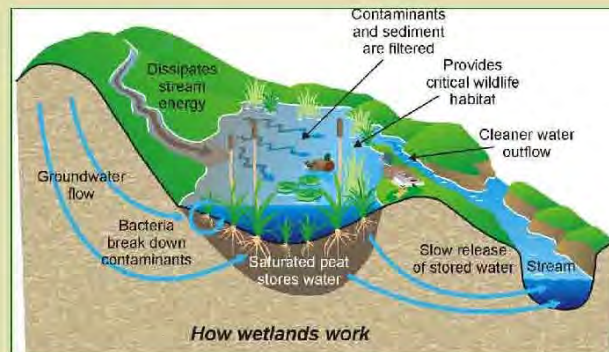


# Clearbrook Park Constructed Wetlands

Constructed wetlands are designed to replicate a natural wetland system and their function of filtering stormwater runoff. The wetlands in Clearbrook Park are constructed with three shallow depressions also known as wetland cells. As stormwater runoff flows through each wetland cell, pollutants settle out. The deep rooted plants help slow the runoff and are effective in removing pollutants.

Pollutants that are transported by runoff as it flows across the landscape are known as non-point source (NPS). Examples include sediment, oil and gasoline which drips from vehicles, herbicides and pesticides used to treat lawns, and pet waste. Some studies have reported as much as 70% of all water pollution comes from NPS pollutants.



Source: Wetlands International

## You can help to protect local waterways by:

- Planting trees, shrubs and groundcover to prevent soil erosion.
- Minimizing use of herbicides and pesticides on your lawn.
- Properly disposing of household chemicals; such as motor oil, paint, and antifreeze.
- Picking up and flushing pet waste.

This project was made possible thanks to support from the following funders and partners:



**Horsham  
Township**

*The Beneficia Foundation*



**LEGEND**

**EXISTING**

- EDGE OF PAVEMENT
- ROSE CONTOURS
- CONTOURS
- TOP OF BANK
- SHARPER LINE
- STORMWATER LINE
- HOODS ROAD
- 7" METAL FENCE
- EXISTING TREE LINE
- SCUTTING UNDER BRUSH LINE
- GUY ANCHOR
- UTILITY POLE
- SANITARY MANHOLE
- EX. TREE

**PROPOSED**

250

- PROPOSED CONTOUR
- PROPOSED LARGE WOODY DEBRIS
- PROPOSED ROCKPILE
- PROPOSED BOLLARD
- TREES TO BE REMOVED
- PROPOSED INFORMATIVE SIGNAGE

**LANDSCAPE TREE AND SHRUB SCHEDULE**

SYMBOL	LATIN NAME	COMMON NAME	TYPE	SIZE	QUANTITY
CS	<i>Cornus amomum</i>	Red Oak Dogwood	SHRUB	3'-4'	1
BK	<i>Deutzia sp.</i>	Flax Shrub	Tree	4'-6'	1
CEC	<i>Cercis canadensis</i>	Redbud	Tree	4'-6'	2
N	<i>Nyssa sylvatica</i>	Wax Sycamore	SHRUB	3'-4'	1
AR	<i>Acer rubrum</i>	Red Maple	Tree	4'-6'	1
PHO	<i>Physocarpus opulifolius</i>	Wheatgrass	SHRUB	3'-4'	2
ST	<i>Syringa decidua</i>	Shepherdia	SHRUB	3'-4'	5

**NOTES:**  
 1. TREES AND SHRUBS SHALL BE CONTAINER GROWN.  
 2. SEE PROTECTION FOR BIG SHRUBS TO BE PROVIDED FOR ALL TREES AND SHRUBS AND METALLED PER MANUFACTURERS INSTRUCTIONS.  
 3. SEE SEED SPECIFICATIONS FOR WETMESC MEADOW MIX AND RIPARIAN GRASS MIX SHOWN ON THIS SHEET.

**HERBACEOUS PLUG ZONE A SCHEDULE**

LATIN NAME	COMMON NAME	QUANTITY
<i>Elymus hystrix</i>	Dark N. Brome Grass	200
<i>Elymus virginicus</i>	Virginia Wildrye	100
<i>Carex vaginosa</i>	Fox Sedge	100
<i>Chlorophthalmus canadensis</i>	Deer Sedge	100
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	Common Milkweed	60
<i>Syntherisma tenax</i>	New England Aster	60
<i>Verbena stricta</i>	Blue Vervain	60
<i>Rudbeckia hirta</i>	Black-eyed Susan	60

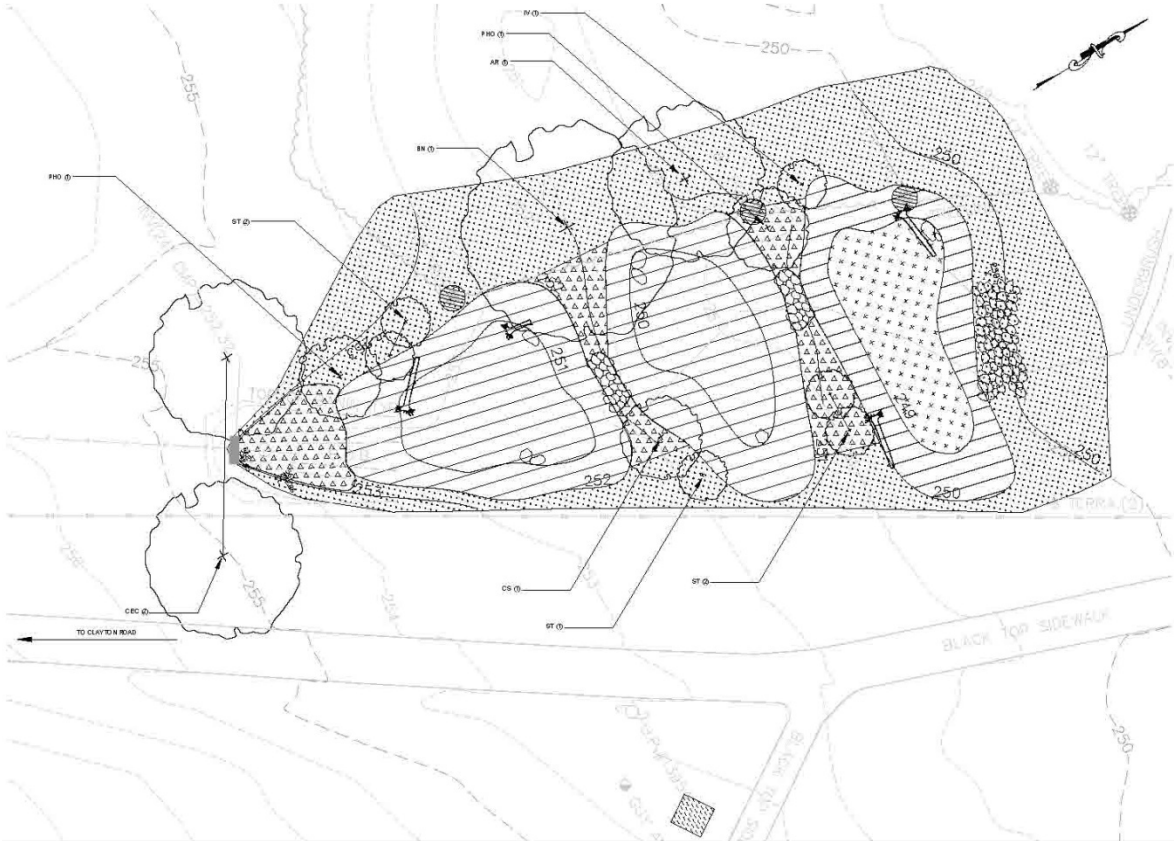
**NOTES:**  
 1. PLUGS TO BE SPACED 2 FT APART.  
 2. ALTERNATE BETWEEN SPECIES WHEN PLANTING.

**HERBACEOUS PLUG ZONE B SCHEDULE**

LATIN NAME	COMMON NAME	QUANTITY
<i>Juncus effusus</i>	Soft Rush	100
<i>Stipa capensis</i>	Woolgrass	60
<i>Lolium virginicum</i>	Blue Oatgrass	60
<i>Carex stricta</i>	Tussock Sedge	60
<i>Juncus tenuis</i>	Non-Invasive Blue Flag	60

**NOTES:**  
 1. PLUGS TO BE SPACED 1.5 FT APART.  
 2. ALTERNATE BETWEEN SPECIES WHEN PLANTING.

**PLANTING LEGEND**



**WETMESC MEADOW MIX**

% SEED	LATIN NAME	COMMON NAME
20%	<i>Elymus hystrix</i>	Dark N. Brome Grass
15%	<i>Elymus virginicus</i>	Virginia Wildrye
10%	<i>Elymus villosus</i>	Wildrye
10%	<i>Carex vaginosa</i>	Fox Sedge
10%	<i>Carex stricta</i>	Tussock Sedge
5%	<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	Common Milkweed
5%	<i>Phytolacca virginica</i>	Blackberry
5%	<i>Syntherisma tenax</i>	New England Aster
5%	<i>Syntherisma tenuiflorus</i>	New York Aster
5%	<i>Elymus canadensis</i>	Parqueted Milkweed

**RIPARIAN GRASS MIX**

% SEED	LATIN NAME	COMMON NAME
15%	<i>Elymus hystrix</i>	Dark N. Brome Grass
10%	<i>Elymus virginicus</i>	Virginia Wildrye
10%	<i>Elymus villosus</i>	Wildrye
10%	<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	Common Milkweed
10%	<i>Syntherisma tenax</i>	New England Aster
10%	<i>Carex stricta</i>	Tussock Sedge
10%	<i>Carex vaginosa</i>	Fox Sedge
5%	<i>Phytolacca virginica</i>	Blackberry
5%	<i>Syntherisma tenuiflorus</i>	New York Aster
5%	<i>Carex stricta</i>	Tussock Sedge
5%	<i>Carex vaginosa</i>	Fox Sedge

**1 SEEDING SCHEDULE**



**OWNER/APPLICANT**  
 GREENSPACE ALLIANCE  
 123 CHESTNUT STREET  
 SUITE 401  
 PHILADELPHIA, PA 19106  
 (215) 592-7020 (PHONE)

**SITE/CIVIL ENGINEER**  
**AKRF**  
 AKRF, INC.  
 100 CENTRE BOULEVARD  
 SUITE 1024J  
 MARLTON, NJ 08053  
 (856) 797-9930 (PHONE)  
 (856) 797-9932 (FAX)

**REVISIONS**

DATE	DESCRIPTION
03/02/09	REVISED PLANTING PLAN & SCHEDULE
04/02/09	REVISED PLANTING PLAN & SCHEDULE

CLEARBROOK PARK  
 STORMWATER MAINTENANCE  
 FACILITY  
 CITY OF HORSHAM, MONTGOMERY COUNTY  
 COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

DRAWN BY: MRB  
 CHECKED BY: [ ]  
 AS SHOWN DATE: 06/16/09

SHEET TITLE  
**LANDSCAPE PLAN**

SHEET NO.  
**3**

SHEET 3 OF 7



# Plant Species



1100 plugs of 13 different species

## **Funding**

The funding for the wetland planting came from a Pennsylvania Association of Conservation Districts Non Point Source program mini-grant and from the TreeVitalize Watershed program.

## **Work Events**

May 1<sup>st</sup>, 2010 – Volunteers from the 2<sup>nd</sup> annual Blair Mill Watershed Day event planted 20 trees and shrubs, and 650 plugs in the wetland cells.

May 7<sup>th</sup>, 2010 – Students from Blair Mill Elementary School planted the remaining 450 plugs









**Students received a lesson on NPS pollution and wetland planting.**











## Clearbrook Park Constructed Wetlands

Constructed wetlands are designed to replicate a natural wetland system and their function of filtering pollutants from water. The wetlands at Clearbrook Park are constructed with three distinct layers: a top layer of water, a middle layer of gravel, and a bottom layer of plants and soil. The top layer of water is the most important part of the system.

Wetlands that are the most important in a wetland system are those that are most productive. They are the most productive when they are most productive. They are the most productive when they are most productive.



This project was made possible thanks to the support of the following donors and partners:





